Monroe County Intermediate School District



Year Ended June 30, 2024 Financial
Statements and
Single Audit Act
Compliance



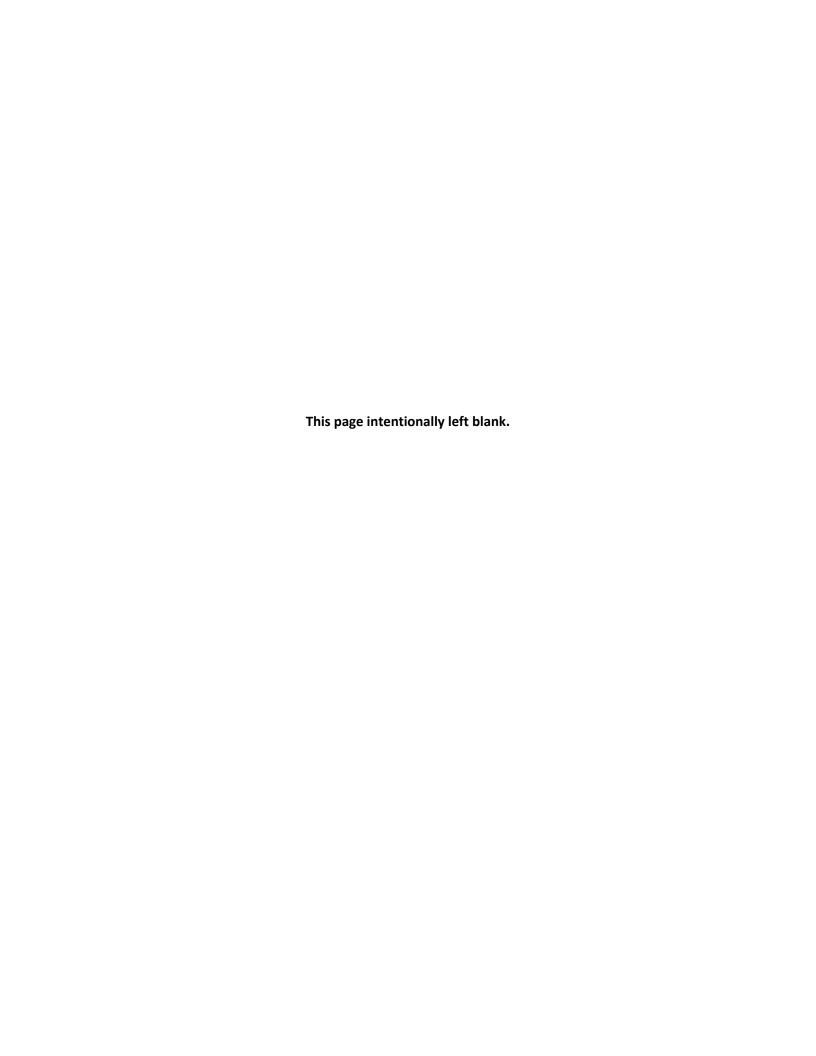


Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government–wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position	
of Governmental Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual –	
General Fund	22
Special Education Fund	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	25
Notes to Financial Statements	27
Required Supplementary Information	
MPSERS Cost–Sharing Multiple Employer Plan:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	50
Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions	52
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment	
Benefit (Asset) Liability	54
Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions	56
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	58
Combining Fund Financial Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	63

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Single Audit Act Compliance	
Independent Auditors' Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of	
Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	67
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	70
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Provided to Subrecipients	76
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	78
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	81
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for	
the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control	
over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	83
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	87
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	89



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November 1, 2024

Board of Education Monroe County Intermediate School District Monroe, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County Intermediate School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the special education fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- · evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- · conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plan, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

3

Rehmann Loham LLC

This page intentionally left blank.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Monroe County Intermediate School District's (the "District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Total net position	\$ (27,204,001)
Change in total net position	11,136,368
Fund balances, governmental funds	44,513,363
Change in fund balances, governmental funds	5,929,911
Unassigned fund balance, general fund	11,996,678
Change in fund balance, general fund	1,299,295

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, supporting services, community services, food services, and interdistrict payments.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the special education fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the fund financial statement section of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) pension and other postemployment benefit plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$27.2 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The District's investment in capital assets was \$6.3 million at June 30, 2024. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students it serves; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. A summary of the District's net position as of the current and prior fiscal years ended June 30 is as follows:

	Net Position				
	2024	2023			
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 59,397,322	\$ 50,945,228			
Capital assets, net	6,280,559	5,268,617			
Total assets	65,677,881	56,213,845			
Deferred outflows of resources	34,071,723	41,676,803			
Liabilities					
Long-term liabilities	92,198,639	111,796,011			
Other liabilities	13,025,069	12,137,682			
Total liabilities	105,223,708	123,933,693			
Deferred inflows of resources	21 720 907	12 207 224			
Deferred filliows of resources	21,729,897	12,297,324			
Net position					
Investment in capital assets	6,280,559	5,268,617			
Restricted	33,591,597	27,033,607			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(67,076,157)	(70,642,593)			
Total net position	\$ (27,204,001)	\$ (38,340,369)			

The District is required to report its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability and net other postemployment benefit asset on the statement of net position. This change has resulted in a negative total net position of governmental activities of \$27.2 million. Of this amount, \$(67.1 million) is unrestricted net position (deficit) and \$33.6 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The operating results of the general fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities, which shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2024.

	Change in Net Position				
	2024	2023			
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 24,753	\$ 46,776			
Operating grants and contributions	52,374,346	51,119,563			
General revenues					
Property taxes	32,928,705	31,096,723			
Unrestricted state aid	1,883,314	1,793,632			
Unrestricted investment earnings	604,371	489,952			
Total revenues	87,815,489	84,546,646			
Function/program expenses					
Instruction	20,521,200	21,243,129			
Supporting services	34,423,197	33,515,851			
Community services	1,347,182	1,442,341			
Food services	222,906	214,747			
Interdistrict payments	20,164,636	18,140,153			
Total expenses	76,679,121	74,556,221			
Change in net position	11,136,368	9,990,425			
Net position, beginning of year	(38,340,369)	(48,330,794)			
Net position, end of year	\$ (27,204,001)	\$ (38,340,369)			

Change in Net Position

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of the District's governmental activities this year was \$76.7 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs which totaled approximately \$25,000. Activities funded by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaled \$52.4 million. The District paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$32.9 million in taxes, \$1.9 million in unrestricted state aid, and with other revenues, (i.e., interest and general entitlements). The District experienced an increase in net position of \$11.1 million during the current year. The increase in net position was primarily due to a decrease in the pension and OPEB expenses, along with an increase in the local tax revenue collected.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations, state aid, and federal grants constitute the vast majority of District operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44.5 million, an increase of \$5.9 million from the prior year. Approximately 27% of this total amount constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable (\$0.1 million), restricted (\$31.7 million), committed (\$0.6 million), or assigned (approximately \$38,000).

General Fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District, and represents the District's unassigned fund balance. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$12.0 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 50% of total general fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the District's general fund increased by \$1.3 million, as compared with the increase during the 2022-23 school year of \$1.4 million. This was primarily the result of increased property tax collections, conservative budgeting, and underspending of some contingency areas.

Special Education Fund. During the current fiscal year, fund balance in the District's special education fund increased by \$4.9 million, and the ending fund balance was \$31.7 million. Fund balance increased due to several staff positions being vacant due to a lack of available staffing, timing of the Special Education funding cycle, and larger than anticipated increases in local tax collections.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget was modified during the year as additional information was known. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A statement showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually earned and incurred is provided in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual.

The change between the original and final amended budget for revenues was an increase of \$5.3 million. State sources increased by \$3.4 million due to the original budget being adopted by the Board of Education when the State's budget had not been finalized, along with carryover allocation increases. Several new categories of funding were added by the State, including a one-time pass through to the retirement system. Federal sources increased by \$1,270,979 due to final allocation adjustments for the carryover of Head Start and GSRP Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The change between the original and final amended budget for expenditures was an increase of \$4.1 million. Instruction expenditures increased by \$0.4 million due to added instructional expenses from State GSRP grant increases and carryover. Supporting services increased by \$1.3 million due to increases in the State's UAAL funding requirements and GSRP expansion. Community services increased by \$0.3 million due to higher needs in new State grants and 32P allocations. Interdistrict payments increased by \$2.0 million due to GSRP expansion and added subrecipient levels in various grants.

Actual revenue was below final budgeted amounts by approximately \$3.3 million due primarily to the District budgeting for grant allocations to be fully spent, but the grant periods not aligning with the District's fiscal year-end. Actual expenditures were less than final budgeted amounts by approximately \$4.8 million due to conservative budgeting practices by the District and unspent grant funds that will be carried over to the next year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, totaled \$6.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation), as compared to prior year's investment of \$5.3 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, buses and other vehicles, and furniture and equipment.

The major capital asset acquisitions during the current fiscal year were the following:

 Holiday Camp Patio and Roof Replacements 	\$ 608,205
• AV System Upgrades for Conference Rooms	177,878
 Building Security enhancements 	96,793
District Laptops	154,566
District iPads	388,381
 IT Server and Switch Upgrades 	52,279
 2024 Transit Van for Transition Center 	60,084
 2024 Box Truck Buildings and Grounds 	91,034

	District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)				
	2024 2023				
Land Buildings and improvements Buses and other vehicles Furniture and equipment	\$	150,882 4,900,680 490,451 738,546	\$	150,882 4,138,916 420,412 558,407	
Total	\$	6,280,559	\$	5,268,617	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Long-term Debt. Obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. The District presents more detailed information about our long-term debt in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Our Board of Education and administration consider many factors when setting the District's 2024-2025 fiscal year budgets. The 2024-2025 budget was adopted in June 2024.

The District relies heavily upon property taxes as a funding source, receiving approximately 37% of its revenue from property taxes. Slower growth and changes in taxable values across Monroe County will have a direct impact on District revenues. The District continues to monitor potential implications of valuation cases and fluctuations.

Since the District's revenue is dependent on State categorical funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to school districts. The State's funding to Intermediate School Districts has increased slower in recent years with many of the larger items for revenue increases tied to legislation that forced restricted spending in many areas.

The overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024 remains sound; however, the District will have to continue to evaluate the use of fund balance in balancing the budget. In the future, the fund balance of both the general fund and the special education fund may be reduced because of decreased state and/or federal appropriations, changes in property tax values, and increases in operational costs.

Contacting the District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Business Office at 1101 S. Raisinville Road, Monroe, MI 48161.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 46,813,185
Receivables, net	10,873,816
Prepaid items and other assets	114,847
Net other postemployment benefit asset	1,595,474
Capital assets not being depreciated	150,882
Capital assets being depreciated, net	6,129,677
Total assets	65,677,881
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred pension amounts	27,840,050
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	6,231,673
Total deferred outflows of resources	34,071,723
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,317,831
Unearned revenue	5,707,238
Long-term debt:	
Due within one year	187,079
Due in more than one year	1,683,708
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	90,327,852
Total liabilities	105,223,708
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred pension amounts	9,124,448
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	12,605,449
Total deferred inflows of resources	21,729,897
Net position	
Investment in capital assets	6,280,559
Restricted for:	
Other postemployment benefits	1,595,474
Special education	31,906,465
Food service	13,154
Technology	76,504
Unrestricted (deficit)	(67,076,157)
Total net position	\$ (27,204,001)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Program				
			Operating			
		Charges	Grants and	Net (Expense)		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Revenue		
Governmental activities						
Instruction	\$ 20,521,200	\$ 6,227	\$ 42,505,039	\$ 21,990,066		
Supporting services	34,423,197	۶ 0,22 <i>1</i>	4,769,602	(29,653,595)		
Community services	1,347,182	_	1,331,259	(15,923)		
Food services	222,906	18,526	148,537	(55,843)		
Interdistrict payments	20,164,636	10,520	3,619,909	(16,544,727)		
meralstrict payments	20,104,030		3,013,303	(10,544,727)		
Total	\$ 76,679,121	\$ 24,753	\$ 52,374,346	(24,280,022)		
	Company	_				
	General revenue	S		22 020 705		
	Property taxes Unrestricted sta	ato aid		32,928,705 1,883,314		
		vestment earnings		604,371		
	Omestricted in	vestillent earnings		004,371		
	Total general rev	renues		35,416,390		
	Change in net po	sition		11,136,368		
	Net position, beg	inning of year		(38,340,369)		
	Net position, end of year					

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Totals
Assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Taxes receivable, net Inventory Prepaid items	\$ 13,967,638 5,388,552 12,562 - 106,392	\$ 32,218,298 5,194,134 178,246 1,765 4,177	\$ 627,412 23,469 76,853 2,513	\$ 46,813,348 10,606,155 267,661 4,278 110,569
Total assets	\$ 19,475,144	\$ 37,596,620	\$ 730,247	\$ 57,802,011
Liabilities Negative equity in cash and investments Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 1,245,903 1,094,517 4,980,919	\$ 1,211,939 3,753,024 725,192	\$ 163 12,448 - 1,127	\$ 163 2,470,290 4,847,541 5,707,238
Total liabilities	 7,321,339	 5,690,155	 13,738	13,025,232
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - taxes receivable	12,303	175,140	 75,973	263,416
Fund balances Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaid items Restricted for: Special education Food service Technology Committed for: Student/school activities Capital projects	- 106,392 - - - -	1,765 4,177 31,725,383 - - -	2,513 - - 10,641 531 54,337 572,514	4,278 110,569 31,725,383 10,641 531 54,337 572,514
Assigned for - Monroe County Middle College Unassigned	38,432 11,996,678	 - -	- -	38,432 11,996,678
Total fund balances	12,141,502	31,731,325	 640,536	44,513,363
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 19,475,144	\$ 37,596,620	\$ 730,247	\$ 57,802,011

R

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2024

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 44,513,363

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Long-term receivables are reported as an asset and revenue when earned on the statement of net position and the statement of activities while the governmental funds report these balances as an asset and deferred inflows of resources until the availability criterion for revenue recognition is met.

Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivables 263,416

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and and therefore not reported in the funds.

Capital assets not being depreciated 150,882
Capital assets being depreciated, net 6,129,677

Certain liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Compensated absences (1,870,787)

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension liability, the net other postemployment benefit asset, and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(90,327,852)
Deferred outflows or resources related to the net pension liability	27,840,050
Deferred inflows or resources related to the net pension liability	(9,124,448)
Net other postemployment benefit asset	1,595,474
Deferred outflows or resources related to the net other postemployment benefit asset	6,231,673
Deferred inflows or resources related to the net other postemployment benefit asset	(12,605,449)

Net position of governmental activities \$ (27,204,001)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Totals
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 2,851,894	\$ 27,689,317	\$ 6,902,377	\$ 37,443,588
State sources	12,336,404	21,678,239	219,826	34,234,469
Federal sources	5,215,192	7,169,450	93,559	12,478,201
Interdistrict sources	3,591,882	 28,027	 -	3,619,909
Total revenues	 23,995,372	56,565,033	 7,215,762	 87,776,167
Expenditures				
Education:				
Instruction	6,586,022	15,577,516	-	22,163,538
Supporting services	11,967,486	24,731,723	55,428	36,754,637
Community services	1,103,784	338,269	-	1,442,053
Food services	-	-	214,356	214,356
Capital outlay	238,135	9,030	859,871	1,107,036
Interdistrict payments	4,339,476	 9,006,324	 6,818,836	20,164,636
Total expenditures	24,234,903	49,662,862	7,948,491	81,846,256
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(239,531)	 6,902,171	 (732,729)	5,929,911
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	2,087,557	469,510	613,612	3,170,679
Transfers out	(548,731)	(2,436,861)	(185,087)	(3,170,679)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1 520 026	(1.067.251)	420 525	_
Total other imancing sources (uses)	 1,538,826	(1,967,351)	 428,525	
Net change in fund balances	1,299,295	4,934,820	(304,204)	5,929,911
Fund balances, beginning of year	10,842,207	 26,796,505	 944,740	38,583,452
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 12,141,502	\$ 31,731,325	\$ 640,536	\$ 44,513,363

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

5,929,911

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Long-term receivables are reported as revenue when earned on the statement of activities while the governmental funds report these balances as revenue when the availability criterion for revenue recognition is met.

Net change in deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivables 39,322

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital assets purchased/constructed 1,357,336

Depreciation expense (345,394)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Change in the net pension liability and related deferred amounts (547,414)
Change in the net other postemployment benefit asset/liability and related deferred amounts 4,795,563
Change in the accrual for compensated absences (92,956)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 11,136,368

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues								
Local sources	\$	2,463,390	\$	3,008,167	\$	2,851,894	\$	(156,273)
State sources		10,778,110		14,170,115		12,336,404		(1,833,711)
Federal sources		4,939,385		6,210,364		5,215,192		(995,172)
Interdistrict sources		3,763,604		3,866,055		3,591,882		(274,173)
Total revenues		21,944,489		27,254,701		23,995,372		(3,259,329)
Expenditures								
Education:								
Instruction:								
Basic programs		6,786,939		7,174,746		6,352,416		(822,330)
Added needs		174,187		248,191		233,606		(14,585)
Total instruction		6,961,126		7,422,937		6,586,022		(836,915)
Supporting services:								
Pupil services		2,245,632		2,458,808		2,243,395		(215,413)
Instructional support		3,413,216		4,104,541		3,528,160		(576,381)
General administration		627,192		669,484		627,565		(41,919)
School administration		473,741		488,039		464,953		(23,086)
Business services		1,768,635		1,697,374		1,533,083		(164,291)
Operations and maintenance		725,846		767,641		573,617		(194,024)
Central support		3,149,812		3,429,366		2,837,854		(591,512)
Transportation		143,765		199,075		158,859		(40,216)
Total supporting services		12,547,839		13,814,328		11,967,486		(1,846,842)
Total Supporting Services		12,3 17,033		13,011,320		11,507,100		(1,010,012)
Community services		1,041,375	_	1,380,000		1,103,784		(276,216)
Capital outlay		279,000		341,965		238,135		(103,830)
Interdistrict payments		4,061,003		6,070,779		4,339,476		(1,731,303)
Total expenditures		24,890,343		29,030,009		24,234,903		(4,795,106)
Revenues under expenditures		(2,945,854)		(1,775,308)		(239,531)		1,535,777
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		2,038,624		2,089,175		2,087,557		(1,618)
Transfers out		(548,731)		(548,731)		(548,731)		-
		(0.10): 0=7		(0.0).0=/		(0 :0): 0 = 1		
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,489,893		1,540,444		1,538,826		(1,618)
Net change in fund balance		(1,455,961)		(234,864)		1,299,295		1,534,159
Fund balance, beginning of year		10,842,207		10,842,207		10,842,207		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,386,246	\$	10,607,343	\$	12,141,502	\$	1,534,159

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - Special Education Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Pavanusa		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues		26 227 422		27.522.422		27.500.247	_	456.047
Local sources	\$	26,397,108	\$, ,	\$	27,689,317	\$	156,917
State sources		17,680,096		21,519,780		21,678,239		158,459
Federal sources		7,063,891		7,144,130		7,169,450		25,320
Interdistrict sources		18,560		32,379		28,027		(4,352)
Total revenues		51,159,655		56,228,689		56,565,033		336,344
Expenditures								
Education:								
Instruction -								
Added needs		18,301,121		18,637,840		15,577,516		(3,060,324)
Supporting services:								
Pupil services		19,817,554		21,146,775		18,730,818		(2,415,957)
Instructional support		2,956,680		2,836,099		2,680,541		(155,558)
General administration		86,100		95,831		61,519		(34,312)
School administration		471,074		481,512		441,066		(40,446)
Business services		262,720		250,015		110,246		(139,769)
Operations and maintenance		1,271,429		1,340,120		1,060,746		(279,374)
Central support		396,345		438,947		365,381		(73,566)
Transportation		1,379,064		1,548,852		1,281,406		(267,446)
Total supporting services		26,640,966		28,138,151		24,731,723		
Total supporting services		20,040,300		20,130,131		24,731,723		(3,406,428)
Community services		337,476		366,984		338,269		(28,715)
Capital outlay	_	162,500		93,300		9,030		(84,270)
Interdistrict payments		7,557,000		9,003,178		9,006,324		3,146
Total expenditures		52,999,063		56,239,453		49,662,862		(6,576,591)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,839,408)		(10,764)		6,902,171		6,912,935
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		465,731		469,352		469,510		158
Transfers out		(2,425,691)		(2,473,266)		(2,436,861)		36,405
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,959,960)		(2,003,914)		(1,967,351)		36,563
Net change in fund balance		(3,799,368)		(2,014,678)		4,934,820		6,949,498
Fund balance, beginning of year		26,796,505		26,796,505		26,796,505		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	22,997,137	\$	24,781,827	\$	31,731,325	\$	6,949,498

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2024

		Custodial Fund	
Assets Cash and investments	\$	39,155	
Liabilities Accounts payable		387	
Net position Restricted for other groups	<u>\$</u>	38,768	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial Fund	
Additions Private donations and contributions	\$	15,578
Deductions Payments to other groups		6,085
Change in net position		9,493
Net position, beginning of year		29,275
Net position, end of year	\$	38,768

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Monroe County Intermediate School District (the "District") has followed the guidelines of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its basic financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, or one year for reimbursement-based grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements

Property taxes received and grant and interest revenue earned within the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The special education special revenue fund accounts for special education initiatives carried out by the District, which are primarily financed through restricted state aid and property taxes.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The *custodial fund* is used to account for assets held for other groups and organizations and are custodial in nature.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

The District follows the practice of recording revenues that have been earned but not yet received as receivables. All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The District's allowance for doubtful accounts is related to delinquent property taxes receivable. Accounts payable and other payables reflected in the financial statements are based on when the liability is incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market. Inventory in the special education fund and food service fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of fund balance.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Buses and other vehicles	8-10
Furniture and equipment	5-20

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit asset. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plan subsequent to the plan measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Salaries Payable and Accrued Employee Benefits

A liability is recorded at June 30 for those amounts owed to teachers and other employees of the District who do not work during the summer when school is not in session but have elected to have their salaries paid over an entire year. This has the effect of properly charging their salaries to expenditures in the fiscal year in which their services are received, even though they are not paid until July and August of the following fiscal year.

The liability for accrued retirement and the employer share of FICA related to the salaries payable has been recorded as has the liability for employee health insurances for the months of July and August. The District pays these insurances for this period as a part of the compensation for services rendered in the preceding school year.

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment, such as for employee retirements or resignations. The liability has been calculated for employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments using the vesting method.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District also reports deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit asset in the government-wide statement of net position.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. A formal resolution of the Board of Education is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. The District reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the Assistant Superintendent for Business and Administrative Services. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

When the District incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit asset, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The District utilizes various investment instruments which are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The general and special revenue funds are under formal budgetary control. Budgets shown in the financial statements are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, and are not significantly different from the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results, and consist only of those amounts contained in the formal budget as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a functional basis.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District incurred expenditures which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

	Final			Actual	Over
	Budget		Expenditures		Budget
Special Education Fund					
Interdistrict payments	\$	9,003,178	\$	9,006,324	\$ 3,146

Notes to Financial Statements

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position follows:

Statement of net position Cash and investments	\$ 46,813,185
Statement of fiduciary net position	
Cash and investments	39,155
	\$ 46,852,340
Bank deposits (checking and savings accounts) Investments	\$ 38,260,102 8,592,238
	\$ 46,852,340

Statutory Authority

State statutes authorize the District to deposit and invest in:

- · Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States; obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States; or obligations of the State. In a primary or fourth class school district, the bonds, bills, or notes shall be payable at the option of the holder upon not more than 90 days notice or, if not so payable, shall have maturity dates not more than five years after the purchase dates.
- · Certificates of deposit insured by a State or national bank, savings accounts of a state or federal savings and loan association, or certificates of deposit or share certificates of a state or federal credit union organized and authorized to operate in this State.
- · Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- · Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, and bankers' acceptance issued by a bank that is a member of the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- · Mutual funds composed entirely of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a school district.
- · Investment pools, as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

The District's investment policy allows for all of these types of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

The District chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. At June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	ı	Fair Value
Fifth Third Securities:			
Money market fund	n/a	\$	29,926
Commercial paper	< 1 year		1,814,193
U.S. agencies:			
	< 1 year		2,144,143
	1-5 years		268,177
U.S. treasuries:			
	< 1 year		3,438,574
	1-5 years		897,225
		\$	8,592,238

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Maturity dates for the investments held at year end are identified in the table above.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits, and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, the District's investments were rated by Standard & Poor's as follows:

	Rating
AAA	\$ 248,750
AA+	7,322,330
AA-	498,748
A+	247,816
Α	244,668
AAAm	 29,926
	\$ 8,592,238

Notes to Financial Statements

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$38,139,287 of the District's bank balance of \$38,389,287 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. None of the District's investments are subject to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities in physical or book form.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year end are reported above.

Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District's recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2024 for its investments in commercial paper, U.S. agencies, and U.S. treasuries are valued using significant other observable inputs of the underlying securities and bonds (Level 2 inputs).

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the District's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

	General Fund		Special Education Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals
Accounts receivable Property taxes Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$	5,388,552 39,587 (27,025)	\$	5,194,134 543,190 (364,944)	\$	23,469 155,399 (78,546)	\$ 10,606,155 738,176 (470,515)
	\$	5,401,114	\$	5,372,380	\$	100,322	\$ 10,873,816

The District has estimated that \$263,416 is not expected to be collected within one year.

Notes to Financial Statements

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated -				
Land	\$ 150,882	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,882
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	9,502,082	926,884	-	10,428,966
Buses and other vehicles	1,547,657	151,118	-	1,698,775
Furniture and equipment	1,402,974	279,334	(13,026)	1,669,282
	12,452,713	1,357,336	(13,026)	13,797,023
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(5,363,166)	(165,120)	-	(5,528,286)
Buses and other vehicles	(1,127,245)	(81,079)	-	(1,208,324)
Furniture and equipment	(844,567)	(99,195)	13,026	(930,736)
	(7,334,978)	(345,394)	13,026	(7,667,346)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,117,735	1,011,942		6,129,677
Capital assets, net	\$ 5,268,617	\$ 1,011,942	\$ -	\$ 6,280,559

Depreciation expense of \$336,844 and \$8,550 was reported on the statement of activities as "supporting services" and "food services", respectively.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of year end for the District's individual major and nonmajor funds are as follows:

	General Fund		ı	Special Education Fund	onmajor ernmental Funds	Totals		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other liabilities	\$	1,245,903 1,094,517	\$	1,211,939 3,753,024	\$ 12,448	\$	2,470,290 4,847,541	
	\$	2,340,420	\$	4,964,963	\$ 12,448	\$	7,317,831	

Notes to Financial Statements

7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Tı	ransfers in	Tra	ansfers out
General fund Special education fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	2,087,557 469,510 613,612	\$	548,731 2,436,861 185,087
	\$	3,170,679	\$	3,170,679

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District transferred funds to provide resources for the special education fund, the food service fund, the capital projects fund, and the general fund primarily for operating purposes and to charge grant related indirect costs.

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term debt and other obligations of the District at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions		Retirements		Ending Balance		Du	mount e Within ne Year
Compensated absences	\$ 1,777,831	\$	219,150	\$	(126,194)	\$	1,870,787	\$	187,079

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general and special education funds.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The District has purchased commercial insurance for medical claims and participates in the MASB/SET-SEG (risk pool) for claims relating to employee injuries/workers' compensation, general liability, and property casualty. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

10. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1 of the following year. Taxes are levied on whose boundaries include property within the District and are due on September 15.

11. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District received reduced property tax revenues during 2024 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) and brownfield redevelopment agreements entered into by cities, villages, townships, and authorities within the District boundaries.

The IFT's were entered into based upon the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Developments Districts Act (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption), PA 198 of 1974, as amended. IFT's provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high-tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to other real and personal property within the District boundaries. The abatements amounted to \$138,564 in reduced District tax revenues for 2024.

12. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Notes to Financial Statements

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2022 valuation will be amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

	Member	Employer
Benefit Structure	Rates	Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	17.24% - 19.17%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.95% - 20.10%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.75% - 13.90%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, required and actual contributions from the District to the pension plan were \$11,753,281, which included \$5,638,335, the amount received from the State and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") stabilization rate.

Notes to Financial Statements

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.07% - 8.31%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.06% - 7.21%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, required and actual contributions from the District to the OPEB plan were \$2,301,608.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates			
Defined Contribution	0.00% - 3.00%	0.00% - 7.00%			
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 2.00%			

For the year ended June 30, 2024, required and actual contributions from the District for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$787,678.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$90,327,852 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.27908%, which was an increase of 0.00202% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$12,287,849. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		(et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	2,851,375	\$	138,368	\$	2,713,007
Changes in assumptions		12,239,835		7,057,211		5,182,624
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,848,400		(1,848,400)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		1,556,102		80,469		1,475,633
		16,647,312		9,124,448		7,522,864
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		11,192,738		-		11,192,738
Total	\$	27,840,050	\$	9,124,448	\$	18,715,602

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 2,793,090 1,849,717 4,134,594 (1,254,537)
Total	\$ 7,522,864

Notes to Financial Statements

OPEB Assets/Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$1,595,474 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.28204% which was an increase of 0.00733% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$2,499,706. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources		(et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources	
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	_	\$	12,056,221	\$	(12,056,221)
Changes in assumptions	7	3,551,803	,	427,704	,	3,124,099
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB plan investments		4,865		-		4,865
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		614,578		121,524		493,054
		4,171,246		12,605,449		(8,434,203)
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		2,060,427		-		2,060,427
Total	\$	6,231,673	\$	12,605,449	\$	(6,373,776)

Notes to Financial Statements

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net OPEB asset/liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ (2,756,009) (2,531,881) (1,030,174) (989,937) (746,773) (379,429)
Total	\$ (8,434,203)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return:	
MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid)	6.00%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid)	6.00%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)	6.00%
OPEB plans	6.00%
Projected salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Healthcare cost trend rate	Pre-65: 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15
	Post-65: 6.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15
Mortality	Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt-out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of

those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the

retiree health plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to

have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 and 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2023 valuations, respectively. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2023, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4406 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Changes in assumptions. The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on Pension and OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension/OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension and OPEB plans' target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.43%	1.36%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.99%	1.44%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.37%	0.95%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	1.22%	0.16%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.99%	0.60%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	4.49%	0.40%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	6.83%	0.68%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.28%	0.01%
	100.00%		5.60%
Inflation			2.70%
Risk adjustment			-2.30%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension and OPEB liabilities. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rat (6.00%)	te 1% Increase (7.00%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 122,032,664	\$ 90,327,85	52 \$ 63,932,450

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	19	% Decrease (5.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.00%)	1	% Increase (7.00%)
District's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	1,654,028	\$	(1,595,474)	\$	(4,388,102)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	19	% Decrease	 Current althcare Cost Trend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of					
the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	(4,395,065)	\$ (1,595,474)	\$	1,434,601

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$1,816,586 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$242,478 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

13. CONTINGENCIES

Fermi Settlement. During fiscal year 2021, DTE Energy filed a tax appeal to lower its taxable value related to the Fermi 2 power plant. Under the Satisfaction Agreement entered into during fiscal year 2022, there is no reduction or refund from any local unit for the 2018 through 2021 tax years. Instead, the Satisfaction Agreement designated multi-year, gradual taxable value reductions for the plant between tax years 2022 and 2028. Based on the difference between estimates of baseline projected taxable value and the taxable values designated under the Satisfaction Agreement, the District will see a decrease of approximately \$560,000 in property tax revenues against the expected baseline during that period. These reductions as negotiated represent a reduction in future tax values and not an established contingent loss from any current or prior period; and, as such, no contingent liability has been recognized as the result of this Satisfaction Agreement by the District.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On October 15, 2024, the Board of Education approve the issuance of bond (General Obligation-Limited Tax) in the principal amount not to exceed \$5,250,000 for the purpose of remodeling, equipping and re-equipping, furnishing and refurnishing school buildings, including for energy conservation improvements. The bond shall be designated as 2024 School Building and Site Bonds or 2024 Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30,							
		2024	2023			2022		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	90,327,852	\$	104,199,556	\$	65,079,800		
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.27908%		0.27706%		0.27488%		
District's covered payroll	\$	28,528,217	\$	26,986,300	\$	25,251,511		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		316.63%		386.12%		257.73%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		65.91%		60.77%		72.60%		

				Ye	ear	Ended June 30),					
2021	21 2020		2020 2019		2018			2017	2016			2015
\$ 92,354,861	\$	87,552,221	\$	78,855,692	\$	65,962,754	\$	60,749,883	\$	59,663,450	\$	51,491,103
0.26886%		0.26438%		0.26231%		0.25454%		0.24349%		0.24427%		0.23377%
\$ 24,616,734	\$	23,223,554	\$	22,882,333	\$	21,839,968	\$	20,663,408	\$	20,586,664	\$	20,024,985
375.17%		377.00%		344.61%		302.03%		294.00%		289.82%		257.13%
59.72%		60.31%		62.36%		64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%

Required Supplementary InformationMPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions

		2024	2023		2022
Statutorily required contribution	\$	11,753,281	\$ 10,022,502	\$	9,389,712
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(11,753,281)	(10,022,502)		(9,389,712)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	30,263,856	\$ 28,423,142	\$	26,803,858
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		38.84%	35.26%		35.03%

		Ye	ear I	Ended June 30),			
2021	2020	2019		2018		2017	2016	2015
\$ 8,225,928	\$ 7,371,239	\$ 7,012,396	\$	7,149,995	\$	5,942,369	\$ 5,678,208	\$ 4,588,921
(8,225,928)	 (7,371,239)	(3,294,801)		(7,149,995)		(5,942,369)	(5,678,208)	(4,588,921)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 25,138,864	\$ 24,542,244	\$ 23,197,933	\$	22,745,058	\$	21,863,050	\$ 21,226,163	\$ 20,592,704
32.72%	30.03%	30.23%		31.44%		27.18%	26.75%	22.28%

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit (Asset) Liability

	Year Ended June 30,						
		2024		2023		2022	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	(1,595,474)	\$	5,818,624	\$	4,218,607	
District's proportion of the net OPEB asset/liability		0.28204%		0.27471%		0.27638%	
District's covered payroll	\$	28,528,217	\$	26,986,300	\$	25,251,511	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		-5.59%		21.56%		16.71%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		105.04%		83.09%		87.33%	

Year Ended June 30,									
	2021	2020			2019		2018		
\$	14,783,043	\$	19,004,211	\$	21,310,806	\$	22,530,437		
	0.27594%		0.26477%		0.26810%		0.25442%		
\$	24,616,734	\$	23,223,554	\$	22,882,333	\$	21,839,968		
	60.05%		81.83%		93.13%		103.36%		
	59.44%		48.46%		42.95%		36.39%		

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions

	Y			
	2024	2023		2022
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,301,608	\$ 2,181,165	\$	2,088,362
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(2,301,608)	(2,181,165)		(2,088,362)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 30,263,856	\$ 28,423,142	\$	26,803,858
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.61%	7.67%		7.79%

Year Ended June 30,										
	2021		2020		2019		2018			
\$	2,039,612	\$	1,943,219	\$	1,806,936	\$	1,686,045			
	(2,039,612)		(1,943,219)		(1,806,936)		(1,686,045)			
\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-			
\$	25,138,864	\$	24,542,244	\$	23,197,933	\$	22,745,058			
	8.11%		7.92%		7.79%		7.41%			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Pension Information

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic plans, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus Plan.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

OPEB Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00%.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased to 7.75%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

This page intentionally left blank.

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Food Service Fund			echnology nancement Fund	Student/School Activity Fund		Capital Projects Fund			Totals
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	270	\$	-	\$	54,538	\$	572,604	\$	627,412
Accounts receivable		23,469		-		-		-		23,469
Taxes receivable, net		-		76,853		-		-		76,853
Inventory		2,513								2,513
Total assets	\$	26,252	\$	76,853	\$	54,538	\$	572,604	\$	730,247
Liabilities										
Negative equity in cash and investments	\$	-	\$	163	\$	-	\$	-	\$	163
Accounts payable		11,971		186		201		90		12,448
Unearned revenue		1,127						-		1,127
Total liabilities		13,098		349		201		90		13,738
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue - taxes receivable		-		75,973				=		75,973
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		2,513		-		-		-		2,513
Restricted		10,641		531		-		-		11,172
Committed		-				54,337		572,514	-	626,851
Total fund balances		13,154		531		54,337		572,514		640,536
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balances	\$	26,252	\$	76,853	\$	54,538	\$	572,604	\$	730,247

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Sį	ecial Revenue Fur			
	Food Service Fund	Technology Enhancement Fund	Student/School Activity Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Totals
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 19,554	\$ 6,829,838	\$ 43,646	\$ 9,339	\$ 6,902,377
State sources	53,950	165,876	-	-	219,826
Federal sources	93,559	-	-	-	93,559
Total revenues	167,063	6,995,714	43,646	9,339	7,215,762
Expenditures Education:					
Supporting services	-	4,546	50,882	-	55,428
Food services	214,356	-	-	-	214,356
Capital outlay	14,154	-	-	845,717	859,871
Interdistrict payments	-	6,818,836	-	-	6,818,836
Total expenditures	228,510	6,823,382	50,882	845,717	7,948,491
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(61,447)	172,332	(7,236)	(836,378)	(732,729)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	63,612	-	-	550,000	613,612
Transfers out		(185,087)			(185,087)
Other financing sources (uses)	63,612	(185,087)		550,000	428,525
Net change in fund balances	2,165	(12,755)	(7,236)	(286,378)	(304,204)
Fund balances, beginning of year	10,989	13,286	61,573	858,892	944,740
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 13,154	\$ 531	\$ 54,337	\$ 572,514	\$ 640,536

This page intentionally left blank.

SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE

This page intentionally left blank.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

November 1, 2024

Board of Education

Monroe County Intermediate School District

Monroe, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *Monroe County Intermediate School District* (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Rehmann Loham LLC

This page intentionally left blank.

This page intentionally left blank.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal AwardsFor the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through	Pass-through/ Grantor Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	MDE	231970	\$ 27,525
School Breakfast Program	10.553	MDE	241970	25,280
Entitlement Commodities (non-cash)	10.555	MDE	n/a	9,184
Entitlement Commodities Bonus (non-cash)	10.555	MDE	n/a	23
National School Lunch Program	10.555	MDE	231960	51,896
National School Lunch Program	10.555	MDE	241960	41,345
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	MDE	240910	10,812
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				
Child and Adult Care Food Program - Meals	10.558	MDE	231920	217,084
Child and Adult Care Food Program - Meals	10.558	MDE	241920	195,765
Child and Adult Care Food Program - Cash in Lieu	10.558	MDE	232010	8,390
Child and Adult Care Food Program - Cash in Lieu	10.558	MDE	242010	7,185
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				
U.S. Department of Labor				
WIOA Cluster -				
WIOA Youth Activities:	47.250	CENACA	00 MCICD 0000	222.606
2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024	17.259 17.259	SEMCA SEMCA	08-MCISD-0006 08-MCISD-0006	222,686 241,474
	17.259	SEIVICA	08-IVICISD-0006	241,474
Total U.S. Department of Labor				
U.S. Department of Treasury				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local				
Fiscal Recovery Funds:	24 227	1455	222200 0000000	04.40:
2022-2023 GSRP 2022-2023 GSRPC	21.027 21.027	MDE MDE	232390-GSRP2223 232390-GSRP2223C	94,124
2022-2023 G3KPC	21.027	IVIDE	23239U-U3KP2223C	132,675

Total U.S. Department of Treasury

Accrued (Unearned) Revenue July 1, 2023	Current Year Cash Received	Expenditures (Memo Only) Prior Year	Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2024	Year Ended Revenue	
\$ 5,642	\$ 8,324	\$ 24,843	\$ 2,682	\$ -	\$ -
	19,744		25,280	5,536	
5,642	28,068	24,843	27,962	5,536	-
-	9,184	-	9,184 23	-	-
10,543	14,776	47,663	4,233	_	
10,545	32,539	47,003	41,345	8,806	
_	10,812	_	10,812	-	_
10,543	67,334	47,663	65,597	8,806	
10,545	07,334	47,003	03,337	0,000	
16,185	95,402	72,506	93,559	14,342	
37,617	58,660	196,041	21,043	_	_
-	160,107	-	195,765	35,658	_
1,476	2,252	7,614	776	-	_
-	5,855	-	7,185	1,330	_
39,093	226,874	203,655	224,769	36,988	
·	· · ·				
55,278	322,276	276,161	318,328	51,330	
34,940 	34,940 207,058	222,686 	- 241,474	34,416	- -
34,940	241,998	222,686	241,474	34,416	
9,783	18,822	85,085	9,039	-	-
	38,551		38,551		
9,783	57,373	85,085	47,590		

continued...

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal AwardsFor the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through	Pass-through/ Grantor Number	Approved Award/Grant Amount
U.S. Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:				
Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children				
and Youth - Part D:				
2022 - 2023	84.010	MDE	231700-2223	\$ 74,047
2023 - 2024	84.010	MDE	241700-2324	81,026
Technical Assistance Grant (TAG):				
2022 - 2023	84.010	CISD	231580	33,899
2023 - 2024	84.010A	MDE	241570	166,994
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
2021-2022 Special Education Flowthrough	84.027	MDE	220450-21-22	5,909,415
2022-2023 Special Education Flowthrough	84.027	MDE	230450-22-23	5,953,400
2023-2024 Special Education Flowthrough	84.027	MDE	240450-23-24	6,301,949
2022-2023 Special Education General Supervision	84.027	MDE	230493-22-23	167,000
2023-2024 Special Education General Supervision	84.027	MDE	240493-23-24	183,700
COVID-19 - 2021-2022 Special Education ARP - Flowthrough	84.027X	MDE	221280-21-22	1,152,235
2022-2023 Preschool Flowthrough Special Education	84.173A	MDE	230460-22-23	194,297
2023-2024 Preschool Flowthrough Special Education	84.173A	MDE	240460-23-24	199,005
COVID-19 - 2021-2022 ARP Preschool Flowthrough	84.173X	MDE	221285-21-22	89,827
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States:				
Perkins 2022-2023	84.048A	MDE	233520-231226	249,856
Perkins 2023-2024	84.048A	MDE	243520-241226	324,765
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families:				
2022 - 2023	84.181	MDE	231340-22-23	190,743
2023 - 2024	84.181	MDE	241340-23-24	180,305
COVID-19 - ARP Infant and Toddler Formula Grant - EOARP	84.181X	MDE	221283-EOARP	78,633
Education for Homeless Children and Youth:				
2022 - 2023	84.196	MDE	232320-2223	40,093
2023 - 2024	84.196	MDE	242320-2324	41,682

Accrued (Unearned) Revenue July 1, 2023	Current Year Cash Received	Expenditures (Memo Only) Prior Year	Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2024	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue June 30, 2024	Total Subawards
\$ 5,443	\$ 18,067	\$ 61,423	\$ 12,624	\$ -	\$ -
-	77,938	-	81,026	3,088	-
32,385	33,899	32,385	1,514	-	-
	133,679		166,994	33,315	
37,828	263,583	93,808	262,158	36,403	
195,471	195,471	5,909,415	-	-	-
1,175,151	1,215,232	5,913,319	40,081	-	-
-	5,153,215	-	6,301,949	1,148,734	-
24,635	24,635	167,000	-	-	-
-	167,155	-	183,700	16,545	-
219,389	219,389	1,152,235		1 105 270	
1,614,646	6,975,097	13,141,969	6,525,730	1,165,279	
43,896	43,896	194,297	_	_	_
-	168,614	-	199,005	30,391	_
7,274	7,274	89,827	-	-	-
51,170	219,784	284,124	199,005	30,391	
1,665,816	7,194,881	13,426,093	6,724,735	1,195,670	
27.747	27.747	240.055			
37,747	37,747 272,739	249,856	324,765	52,026	-
37,747	310,486	249,856	324,765	52,026	
37,747	310,400	243,030	324,703	32,020	
18,610	18,610	190,743	-	-	-
-	165,983	-	180,305	14,322	-
7,289	7,289	78,633			
25,899	191,882	269,376	180,305	14,322	
8,455	21,980	26,568	13,525	-	13,526
	28,166		41,682	13,516	41,682
8,455	50,146	26,568	55,207	13,516	55,208

continued...

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Assistance Listing	Passed	Pass-through/ Grantor	Approved Award/Grant
Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Number	Through	Number	Amount
U.S. Department of Education (Concluded) English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III, Part A - 2023 - 2024	84.365	MPS	240580-2324	\$ 1,227
2023 - 2024	84.303	IVIF3	240300-2324	J 1,227
Education for Homeless Children and Youth: COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Homeless II COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Homeless II	84.425W 84.425W	MDE MDE	211012-2122 211013-2223	9,749 4,720
Total U.S. Department of Education				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants: PDG B-5 Education Development Center First 10 Pilot Grant (Activity #5) Birth to Five Literacy Support Network Hubs Grant	93.434 93.434	MDE JCISD	223972 223962	225,600 19,146
Head Start Cluster: Head Start: 2022 - 2023	93.600	Direct	05CH01225501	3,187,669
2022 - 2023	93.600	Direct	05HE00023601C6	180,678
2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024	93.600 93.600	Direct Direct	05CH010567-04-00 05CH012255-01-00	97,008 3,532,425
Early Head Start: 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024	93.600 93.600	Direct Direct	05CH01225501 05CH012255-01-00	398,859 437,557
Medicaid Cluster - Medical Assistance Program - Medicaid Administrative Outreach 23-24	93.778	MDHHS	n/a	289,954
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse:				
Prevention 2022 - 2023 Prevention 2023 - 2024	93.959 93.959	CMHPSM CMHPSM	n/a n/a	103,325 61,008

Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Total Federal Financial Assistance

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Accrued (Unearned) Revenue July 1, 2023	Current Year Cash Received	Expenditures (Memo Only) Prior Year	Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2024	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue June 30, 2024	Total Subawards
\$ -	\$ 1,227	\$ -	\$ 1,227	\$ -	\$ -
_	9,042	_	9,749	707	9,749
_	2,819	_	4,720	1,901	4,721
	11,861		14,469	2,608	14,470
		-			
1,775,745	8,024,066	14,065,701	7,562,866	1,314,545	69,678
10,750	77,791	158,559	67,041	-	-
- 10.750	4,256	14,890	4,256		
10,750	82,047	173,449	71,297		
1,108,841 40,362 97,008	1,112,322 40,362 97,008 2,362,451	3,184,188 180,678 97,008	3,481 - - - 3,532,425	- - - 1,169,974	- - -
117,893	117,893	398,859	-	-	-
-	310,309	-	437,557	127,248	-
1,364,104	4,040,345	3,860,733	3,973,463	1,297,222	_
	181,073	108,881	181,073		83,146
	101,073	100,001	101,073		03,140
6,014	27,116	82,223	21,102	-	-
	57,151		61,008	3,857	
6,014	84,267	82,223	82,110	3,857	
1,380,868	4,387,732	4,225,286	4,307,943	1,301,079	83,146
\$ 3,256,614	\$ 13,033,445	\$ 18,874,919	\$ 12,478,201	\$ 2,701,370	\$ 152,824

concluded

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Provided to Subrecipients For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient
U.S. Department of Education		
Education for Homeless Children and Youth:		
2022 - 2023	84.196	
Airport Community Schools		\$ 500
Bedford Public Schools		5,349
Jefferson Schools		1,556
Monroe Public Schools		4,787
Monroe ISD		1,334
		13,526
2023 - 2024	84.196	
Bedford Public Schools		17,826
Ida Public Schools		250
Jefferson Schools		3,227
Monroe Public Schools		16,200
Monroe ISD		3,070
Summerfield Schools		299
Whiteford Agricultural Schools		810
		41,682
Education for Homeless Children and Youth:		
2021 - 2022	84.425W	
Monroe ISD		9,338
Summerfield Schools		411
		9,749
2022 - 2023	84.425W	
Airport Community Schools		216
Bedford Public Schools		40
Dundee Community Schools		25
Monroe Public Schools		4,247
Monroe ISD		193
		4,721
Total U.S. Department of Education		69,678

continued...

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Provided to Subrecipients For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Current Year Cash Transferred to Subrecipient	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Medicaid Cluster -			
Medical Assistance Program -			
Medicaid Administrative Outreach 22-23	93.778		
Airport Community Schools		\$ 13,053	
Bedford Public Schools		18,811	
Dundee Community Schools		7,621	
Ida Public Schools		6,749	
Jefferson Schools		6,774	
Mason Consolidated Schools		4,204	
Monroe Public Schools		19,935	
Summerfield Schools		3,206	
Whiteford Agricultural Schools		2,793	
		83,146	
Total subawards		\$ 152,824	

concluded

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Monroe County Intermediate School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance or other applicable guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Cash received is recorded on the cash basis; expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all grant requirements have been met.

The Schedule has been arranged to provide information on both actual cash received and the revenue recognized. Accordingly, the effects of accruals of accounts receivable, unearned revenue and accounts payable items at both the beginning and end of the fiscal year have been reported.

Expenditures are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements. The amounts reported on the Grant Auditor Report reconcile with this Schedule.

2. 10% DE MINIMIS COST RATE

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as permitted by §200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

3. PASS-THROUGH AGENCIES

The District receives certain federal grant as subawards from non-federal entities. Pass-through entities, where applicable, have been identified in the Schedule with an abbreviation, defined as follows:

Pass-through Agency Abbreviation	Pass-through Agency Name
MDE	Michigan Department of Education
SEMCA	Southeast Michigan Community Alliance
CISD	Calhoun Intermediate School District
MPS	Monroe Public Schools
JCISD	Jackson County Intermediate School District
MDHHS	Michigan Department of Health and Human Services
CMHPSM	Community Mental Health Partnership of Southeast Michigan

This page intentionally left blank.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 1, 2024

Board of Education Monroe County Intermediate School District Monroe, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *Monroe County Intermediate School District* (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

November 1, 2024

Board of Education Monroe County Intermediate School District Monroe, Michigan

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of the Monroe County Intermediate School District (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



313.202.7400

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC

This page intentionally left blank.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>					
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodi	<u>fied</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting	g :				
Material weakness(es) identified?			_yes	Х	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	d?		_yes	Х	_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			_yes	Х	_no
<u>Federal Awards</u>					
Internal control over each major progra	am:				
Material weakness(es) identified?			_yes	Х	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	d?		_yes	Х	_none reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			_yes	Х	_no
Identification of major programs:					
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federa	l Progran	n or Cluster		Type of Report
84.027 & 84.173	Special Educatio	n Cluster			Unmodified
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progra	ams:	\$	750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	ves		no

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS None reported. SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS None reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

None reported.

This page intentionally left blank.